A BILL

To impose certain restrictions on advertising and the making of certain representations in connection with the practice of medicine and surgery; to declare the meaning of certain expressions when used in any Act; to amend the Medical Practitioners Act, 1912, and the Medical Practitioners (Amendment) Act, 1915, and certain other Acts; and for purposes consequential thereon or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of 5 the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the "Medical Practi-short title. tioners (Amendment) Act, 1919." In this Act the Medical Practitioners Act, 1912, as amended by the Medical Practitioners (Amendment) Act, 1915, is referred 10 to as the Principal Act.

Amendment of s. 4 of the Principal Act.

- 2. Section four of the Principal Act is amended—
 - (a) by omitting the words "for the purposes of the Coroners' Act, 1898";
 - (b) in subsection one by inserting after the words "satisfaction of the board" the words "that 5 he is of good fame and reputation, and—";
 - (c) by omitting from paragraph (c) of that subsection the words "member or";
 - (d) by omitting subsection two; and
 - (e) by the addition of the following subsection:— 10
 (4) Wherever the expressions "duly qualified medical practitioner," "qualified medical practitioner," appear in any Act they shall be deemed to mean a "legally qualified medical practitioner" within 15 the meaning of this section.

Amendment of s. 9 of the Principal Act. 3. Section nine of the Principal Act is amended by adding after paragraph (c) the words:—"or

"(d) is the subject of a country with which the British Empire is then at war, unless such 20 person had become a naturalised British subject ten years prior to the commencement of such war."

Repeal of s. 12.

4. Section twelve of the Principal Act is repealed, and the following sections inserted in lieu thereof:— 25

New section.
Advertising.

12. (1) A person shall not advertise or hold either himself or any other person out directly or indirectly as being entitled or qualified, able, or willing to practise medicine or surgery in any of its branches, or to give or perform any medical or 30 surgical service, attendance, operation, or advice unless he or such other person, as the case may be, is a legally qualified medical practitioner:

Provided that this subsection shall not be deemed to authorise, justify, sanction, or prohibit any such 35 advertisement or holding out, by a legally qualified medical practitioner.

Any person contravening the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds for each offence.

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(2)

(2) This section shall not apply to an adver- Exemptions. tisement or holding out in relation to the lawful exercise of their profession or duties by—

(a) any nurse;

(b) any dentist or pharmacist registered under the Acts of New South Wales relating to dentists or pharmacy; or

(c) any life-saving or first-aid association, being a charitable organisation which makes no

charge for its services.

12a. (1) Any person who publishes, or causes to Publishing be published, any advertisement which is in contra-advertisements, &c. vention of the last preceding section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

(2) Any person who publishes, or causes to be published, any advertisement to promote the sale of any food or drug, or any appliance for the prevention, alleviation, or cure of any human ailment or physical defect, and who in such advertisement uses any name or title purporting to be that of a physician, doctor of medicine, or surgeon, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

(3) If any such advertisement be published in breach of this section in a newspaper printed in New South Wales, the proprietor, publisher, and printer of that newspaper shall severally be liable

to the above-mentioned penalty:

Provided that no prosecution shall be instituted against such proprietor, publisher, or printer for the publication of any such advertisement unless within twelve months immediately preceding the date of the publication thereof, a warning has been delivered to such proprietor, publisher, or printer, or to the manager of the newspaper, under the hand of the Director-General of Public Health, that the publication of such an advertisement, or of an advertisement substantially to the same effect, is an offence against this Act.

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